GUIDE FOR GROWERS

TO RELATE FERTILITY AND BUSH AGRONOMIC PRACTICES TO YIELD IN BLACKCURRANTS

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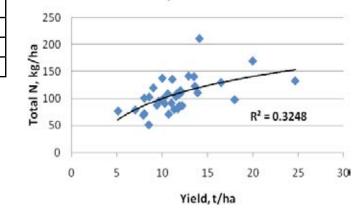
Crop nutrient usage - Nutrients are required to produce fruit and to grow new shoots for next season.

Table 1. Nutrient removal for a 10 - 12 tonne crop

	Nitrogen	Phosphorus	Potassium	Sulphur
Plant	60	10	20	7
Fruit	2-2.5	0.5	3	0.2
Total	80-85kg	15kg	50kg	9-10kg

In a mature crop the main requirement is for Nitrogen. To meet the plant and fruit removal for a 10-12 tonne crop requires 100-120kg/ha of Nitrogen to be available from soil (AMN test) and fertilizer inputs.(Fig.1)

Figure 1. Yield vs Total (soil + fert) N - best sites - Three years data 2005-2007



What constitutes a good bush - Regular light pruning is required to maintain healthy bushes and newer (one and two year) cane. Better yielding bushes have intermediate growth habits.

- 1. **Bush Height** intermediate sized bushes tend to produce the best yields. There is no advantage to be gained by having Ben Ard of Magnus over 150cm in Spring or 160cm mid season. (Ben Rua 140 and 150 cm respectively.
- Bush density in winter, look under the bush and across the rows.
 If four or more rows can be seen, then the crop is too thin. If only two rows can be seen the crop is too thick. Best results = three to four rows.

Too thin Optimum Too thick

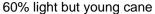






3. **Light interception** - if more than 60% of light is seen through the middle of the bush in winter the crop is too thin. (Fig.3) Best yields are with crops where 45-55% of light is intercepted. (See photos below)







50% light good cane



<40% light reasonable cane but too bulky

4. Old vs new growth -

Bushes with insufficient new growth (see the amount of new wood in Fig. 3), or excessive old growth (as in some of the following photos), are likely to yield lower. A balance is needed between new upper growth that contributes to this year's yield and new basal growth that contributes to future yield.

In winter, score the amount of new top growth (i.e. that generated last season) on a 0-10 scale (0 = poor, 10 = exceptional). Also score the amount of new basal growth (0-10) score. Add the two to give a 0-20 score.

Ben Ard and Magnus scores of >12 will have more consistent average yields (Fig. 4).

As Ben Rua are more ungainly plants, scores of >10 are likely to be adequate.

Figure 3. Yield vs light seen through the crop or amount of new wood - best sites 2006

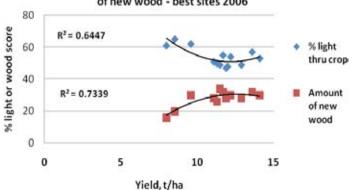
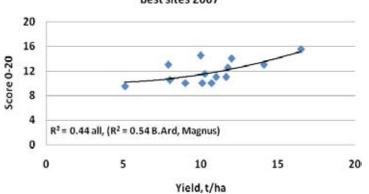


Figure 4. New tip and basal growth scored late winterbest sites 2007









Old vs new growth - continued

Low scores indicate that new cane needs to be generated with nitrogen and/or that excessive old cane may need to be pruned out.

It is important to have a balance of new and previous season's wood as well as some older wood. All wood, irrespective of age, needs to be strong and healthy. Regular light pruning promotes mixed age wood, resulting in more consistent yields.

BEN ARD











Score = 7-8 good balance surplus new wood

Score = 6 - 7 reasonable wood balance

Score = 4 surplus old growth limited new growth









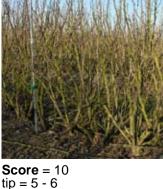
Score = 16 tip = 8 - 9 reasonable balance base = 7 - 8

Score = 15 good balance post pruning tip = 7 base = 8

Score = 11 tip = 6base = 5 base dense with low new wood

Strong wood = regular pruning and good fertility = better overall yields





base = 4 - 5 old wood



Score = 8 tip = 5 too tall base = 3 excessive old wood, prune



Score = 7tip = 4base = 3 overdue for pruning



Weak wood = lower overall yields

MAGNUS











Score = 7 - 8



Score = 4 - 5

Score = 7 - 8 good balance of wood age

Score = 6 high new wood Score = 4 little new wood low next season's fruiting wood



Score = 14 Tip = 8 + Base = 6Good balance



Score = 13Tip = 8 + Base = 5good 1 year wood needs more new wood



Score = 10 - 11 Tip = 6 + Base = 4 - 5has some new wood but dense



Score = 7Tip = 3 - 4 + Base = 3 - 4overdue for pruning little new wood

BEN RUA



Score = 15 good balance



Score = 7 - 8



Score = 7 - 8



Score = 5 - 6



Score = 5 - 6 dense but some new wood



Score = 2 - 3



Score = 4 lack of new wood





